

### 25 Signs to Learn for EMERGENCIES

deaf.org.nz







### l'm James

I work at Deaf Aotearoa. I have a Deaf wife, and we have two kids. I love them very much!

Sports and travelling are my passions. I come from a Deaf family, and we are part of the Deaf community. I am proud of my language and culture!

Have a look through this booklet to learn some New Zealand Sign Language that will help you communicate with a Deaf person in the event of an emergency.

Check out the QR codes on each page to see NZSL in action!

For more resources and videos head over to nzslweek.org.nz



**Deaf Aotearoa** is the Disabled People's Organisation (DPO) representing the voice of Deaf New Zealanders, and the national service provider for Deaf people in New Zealand. Deaf Aotearoa works closely with Deaf communities, government agencies and other organisations to increase awareness, promote NZSL and strengthen



the rights of Deaf people. All Deaf Aotearoa profits go back to the Deaf community by way of improved services, sponsorship and donations.

Deaf Aotearoa's services include:

- First Signs access to NZSL and language development for families of Deaf children aged 0 – 5.
- Youth developing strong Deaf identities and leadership skills, and providing a youth internship programme.
- Employment support for transition, job seeking, retaining employment and upskilling.
- Hauora needs assessments, assistive equipment, and information and advice.
- iSign NZSL interpreting services to facilitate communication between Deaf and hearing people.
- Deaf Awareness and NZSL courses courses for organisations to learn about Deaf culture and NZSL.
   Courses are tailored the organisation's interests and the ways they engage with Deaf people.

Deaf Aotearoa is also the New Zealand representative to the World Federation of the Deaf.



#### The National Emergency Management

Agency (NEMA) is the Government lead for emergency management. We help build a safe and resilient Aotearoa New Zealand by empowering communities before, during and after emergencies. We provide strategic leadership for risk reduction, readiness, response and recovery activities, and build emergency management capability and capacity. We promote greater community and individual resilience to disasters. We also oversee New Zealand's emergency management system to ensure that it operates as expected and to identify opportunities for improvement.

We work to ensure there is good understanding and co-ordination at local, regional and national levels, including among government, iwi, local government, private and community organisations.

We assist in identifying hazards and risks of national significance and provide guidance to Civil Defence and Emergency Management (CDEM) Groups and others on emergency management.





## Every May, Deaf Aotearoa organises NEW ZEALAND SIGN LANGUAGE WEEK – a celebration of one of the country's official languages.

NZSL Week is a chance for the Deaf community to stand proud as Deaf, and to celebrate their language and culture. It also works to break down barriers, fears and misconceptions. NZSL Week lets Deaf New Zealanders put their hands up and be seen!

Our vision for NZSL Week is to increase awareness and understanding of NZSL and the Deaf community, and to empower and strengthen the Deaf community.



For more information visit nzslweek.org.nz

### How to communicate with a Deaf person

A conversation with a Deaf person is the same as a conversation with a hearing person – Deaf people just use different communication tools.

Like hearing people, Deaf people are unique individuals with interesting qualities and skills. They have families, jobs and hobbies.

You can communicate with Deaf people in several ways, including New Zealand Sign Language, spoken/written English or a mix of these.

Appropriate use of gesture, body language and facial expressions can also be very effective, as Deaf people communicate visually.

Not all Deaf people can lip read well. It's estimated 70% of lip reading is guesswork, even if the speaker articulates clearly. That's why relying solely on lip reading as a way to communicate isn't recommended.

Face the Deaf person and get their attention before speaking. Eye contact is very important so try to maintain it and don't turn away while the Deaf person is signing.

During an emergency press conference, the NATIONAL EMERGENCY MANGEMENT AGENCY will ensure that there is a New Zealand Sign Language Interpreter to fully communicate the information and actions that the public need to take.

### A few tips for **Sign Language learners**

#### **FACIAL EXPRESSIONS**

Facial expressions are an important aspect of NZSL. In spoken languages, intonation is used to indicate what kind of sentence it is — a question or statement. NZSL shows intonation using facial expressions. Having a plain facial expression is like speaking with a monotonous voice. **It's boring!** 

#### HAND POSITION

Articulating signs correctly is important – one small change to a handshape or location can make all the difference to your message.

#### WHICH HAND TO USE?

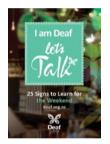
Your dominant hand (the one you write with) will be the most active hand. For some signs you'll need to use both hands.



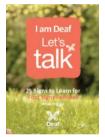












OTHER BOOKLETS IN THE SERIES are available online at <a href="mailto:nzslweek.org.nz/resources/">nzslweek.org.nz/resources/</a>

For hard copies please email nzsl@deaf.org.nz



#### 25 Signs to Learn for EMERGENCIES This is one of a series of booklets designed to introduce you to NZSL. It gives you a practical opportunity to quickly learn some basic vocabulary relevant to your environment. Learn these signs and use them as often as you can. Tell your friends about them and share the wonderful gift of NZSL. Then you'll understand why 20,000 New Zealanders use it every day! **OTHER BOOKLETS AVAILABLE:** 25 Signs to Learn with Your Family 25 Signs to Learn for Medical Situations 25 Signs to Learn at Work 25 Signs to Learn for the Weekend 25 Signs to Learn for Māori Concepts 25 Signs to Learn for First Signs Families 25 Signs to Learn for Bars and Restaurants



## **Evacuate** Putanga







### Quick Tere







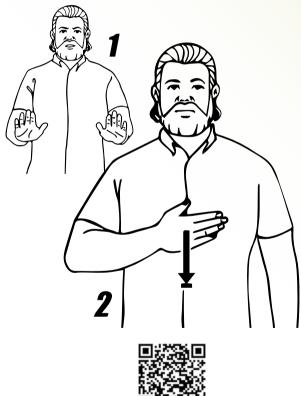
### Stay Noho





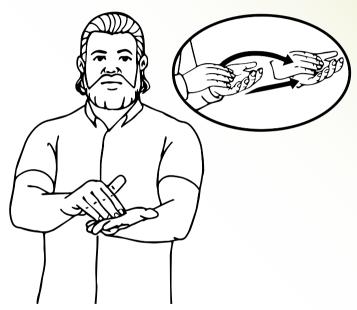


#### Stay calm Noho tau





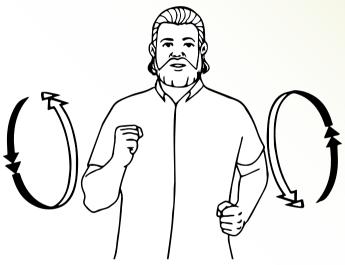
#### Help Āwhina







#### Run Oma







#### Go up to high ground Rere ki ngā wāhi teitei







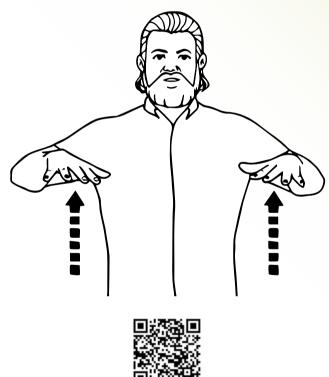
#### Tsunami Tai āniwhaniwha







#### Flood Waipuke





#### Earthquake Rū whenua







### Strong wind Hau







### Fire Ahi





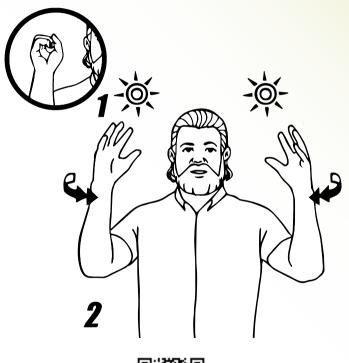


#### Police Pirihimana





#### Ambulance Waka tūroro







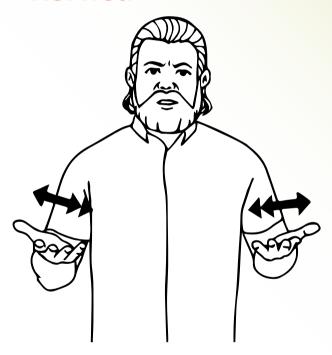
#### Alright? Kei te pai







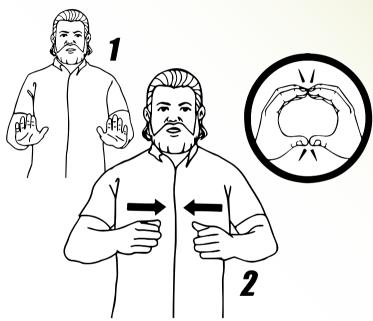
#### Where? Kei hea







### Stay together Nohotahi







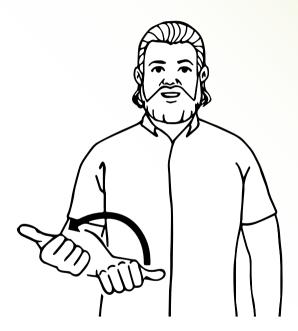
# Family Whānau



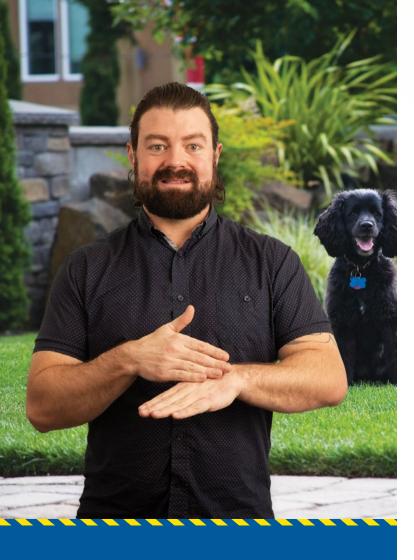




#### Neighbours Te taha







#### Pet Pōtiki







#### Food Kai







### Water Wai







#### Power Hiko







## Phone Waea







## Internet Ipurangi





# Thanks! anageme

This booklet is a collaboration between Deaf Aotearoa, National Emergency Management Agency and Auckland Emergency Management. Thank you for the opportunity to collaborate to develop this booklet.

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New Zealand Government



www.givealittle.co.nz/org/deafaotearoa

For more information visit deaf.org.nz



